



# The 'P' in IoT is for Privacy\*

\* Adapted from Radu Grigore's remark: *The 'S' in IoT is for Security*

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Image Source: [https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/a/ab/Internet\\_of\\_Things.jpg](https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/a/ab/Internet_of_Things.jpg)



*Image Source: <https://www.abine.com/blog/2011/what-is-privacy-about/>*

- Behavioural and multi-dimensional concept
  - No “one solution fits all”
  - Individuals dynamically manage their privacy according to different situations in their life

# IoT and Privacy

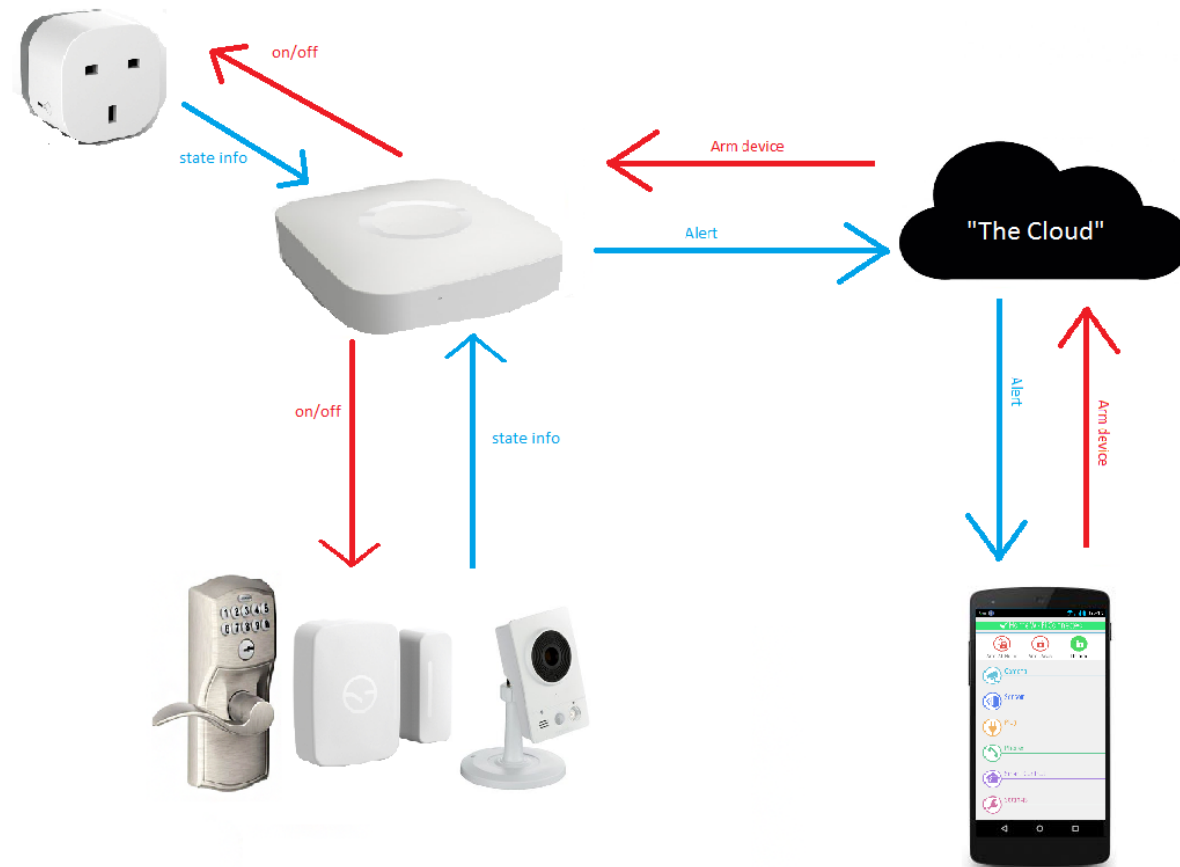
- IoT's success relies on the abundance of data
  - Sensor data, user data, various other metadata
- The concept of IoT seems to be at odds with privacy
  - End users might not be willing to engage if there is a lack of useful information
  - But they will not be too happy either if their data are not protected or easily accessible to third parties

# IoT and Privacy (contd.)

- There is an increase of user awareness of their data
  - Horror stories in popular media
    - E.g. smart TV listening to your private conversation
  - Generating values from personal data
- Passing the control back to the end users is still a big challenge

# Example

- Smart Home Kits



(Taggart, 2017)

# Example (contd.)

- Nice features
  - A mature platform supporting hundreds of devices
  - Allows third party developers to build smart-home apps through a programming framework
    - Apps providing rich user experience and control
- Potential issues
  - Over privileged access to IoT devices
    - Why do devices collect certain data? What else are they collecting without my knowledge?
  - Unobfuscated app source code

# Privacy Threats in IoT

(Ziegeldorf et al., 2014)

- Identification
- Localization and tracking
- Profiling
- Interaction and presentation
- Lifecycle transitions
- Inventory attacks
- Linkage



# Potential Solutions

(Aleisa and Renaud., 2017)

- Cryptographic techniques and information manipulation
- Data minimization
- Privacy/context awareness
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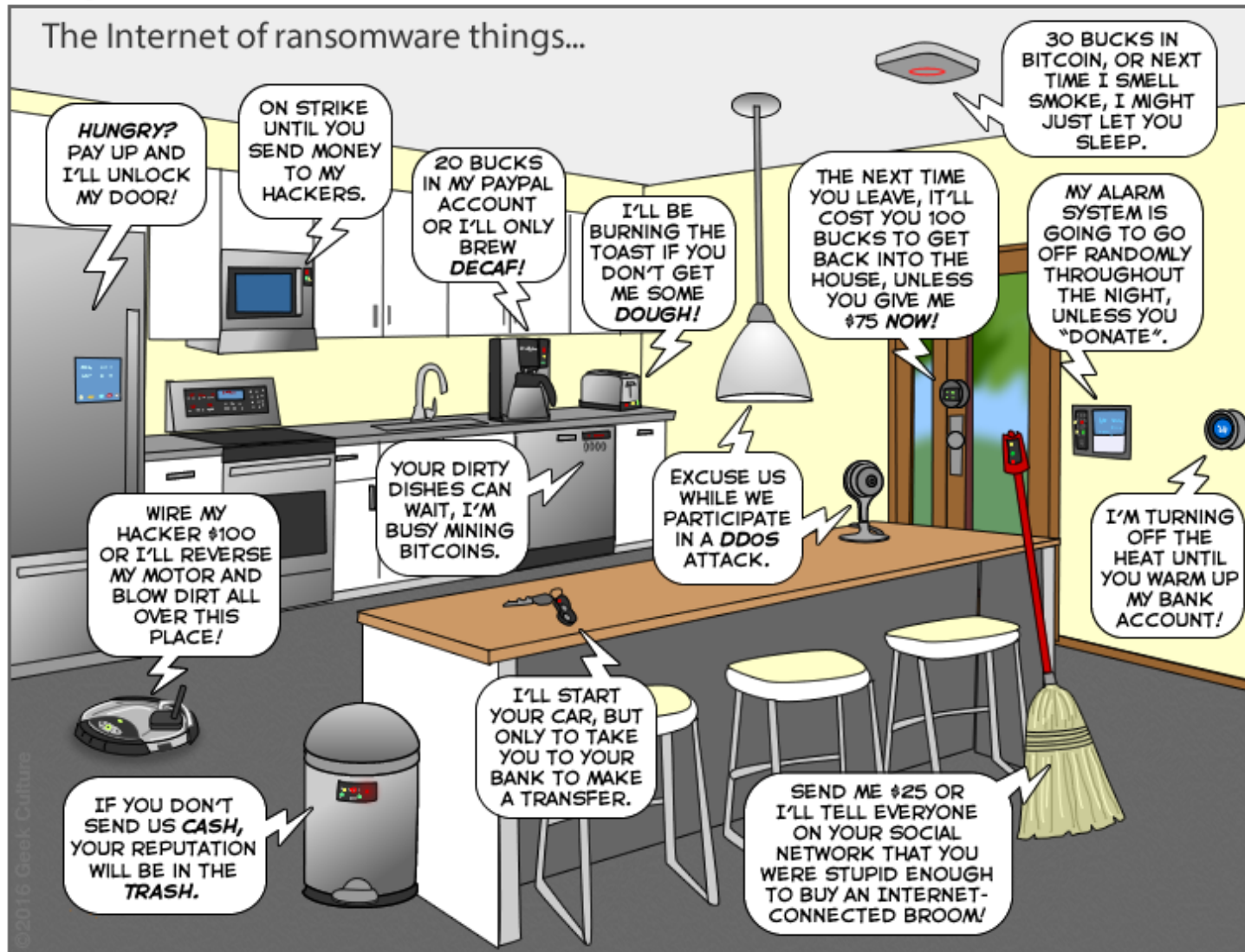
But solutions still seem to be designed with an **assumption** that users will willingly spend effort to preserve their privacy

# Summary

- Privacy vs. convenience trade-off in IoT
- Challenges with IoT
  - No clear boundaries
  - Limited resources
- Issues on IoT security seems to be more pressing than those concerning its privacy
  - Mirai botnet
  - Default passwords
  - Unpatched devices

# Summary (contd.)

- How can we put 'P' in IoT?
  - Knowing what data are recorded before buying a device
  - Knowing how user data are protected by the device
    - On the device and during transmission
    - After decommissioning
  - Allowing end users to configure their privacy preferences easily
    - Developers of (IoT) privacy solutions need to know their users better



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# References

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- E. Fernandes, A. Rahmati, J. Jung, A. Prakash, “Security Implications of Permission Models in Smart-Home Application Frameworks”, *IEEE Security and Privacy*, 15(2):24-30, 2017.
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